



A super-Earth planet orbiting an early-M dwarf

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&

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On behalf of CARMENES consortium



CENTRO DE ASTROBIOLOGÍA
ASOCIADO AL NASA ASTROBIOLOGY INSTITUTE

RV data

- **159** RVs from **CARMENES**:

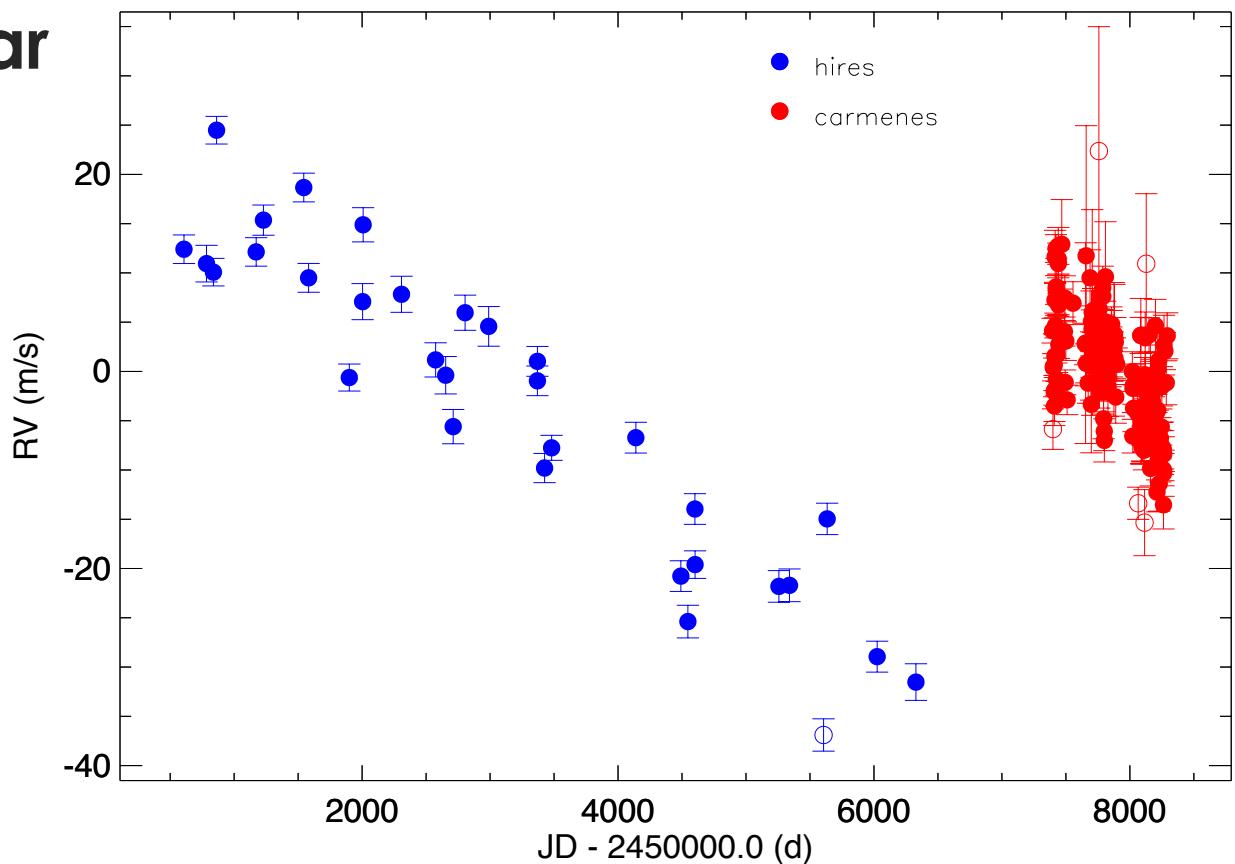
$$\Delta t = 2.06 \text{ a}$$

- **32** RVs from **HIERES** (Tal-Or et al. 2018):

$$\Delta t = 20.65 \text{ a}$$

- **3-4 HIRES RVs per year**

Trend → orbital motion around the center of mass of the stellar binary



Stellar binary: Orbital solution

- **551** astrometric measurements (WDS, Mason et al. 2001) available, time interval: 1821-2017 (**195.78 a**)
- **32** HIRES's RVs over a period of **20 a** (Tal-Or et al. 2018) —> absolute RVs calibrated (Nidever et al. 2002)

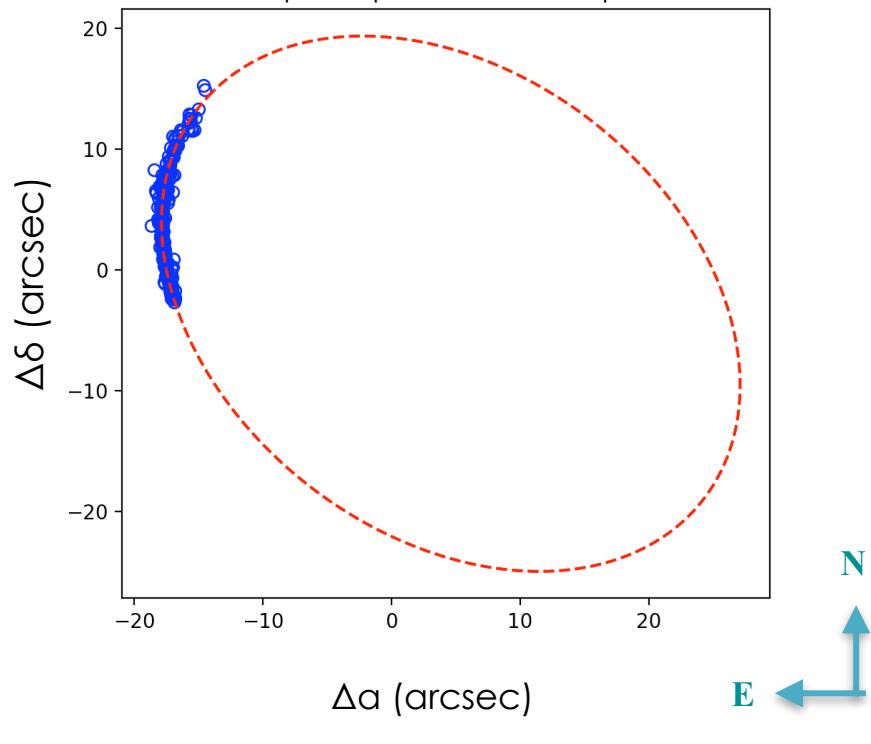
Results: Evaluating and fitting model using MCMC



- $q \sim 1 \rightarrow$ Teff, Lbol and SpT similar
- Total mass \pm error
- $a \geq \rho_{\text{gaia}}$
- Orbital solution —> slope HIRES
- Ellipse —> reproduce astrometric data

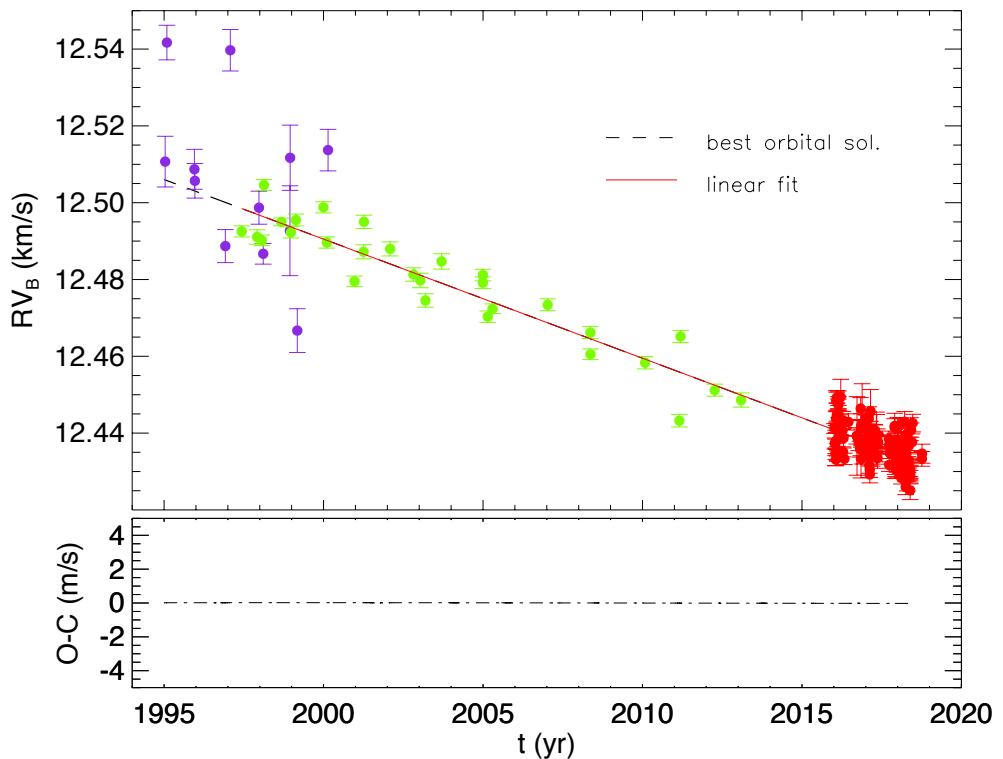
To correctly remove the Keplerian trend due to the binary system

Stellar binary: Orbital solution



- Astrometric data far from covering the entire orbit (20%)
- Very few RVs data (2%)

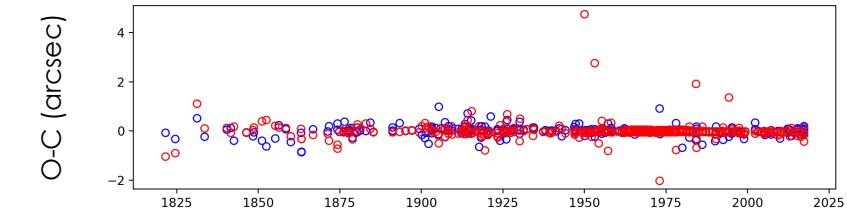
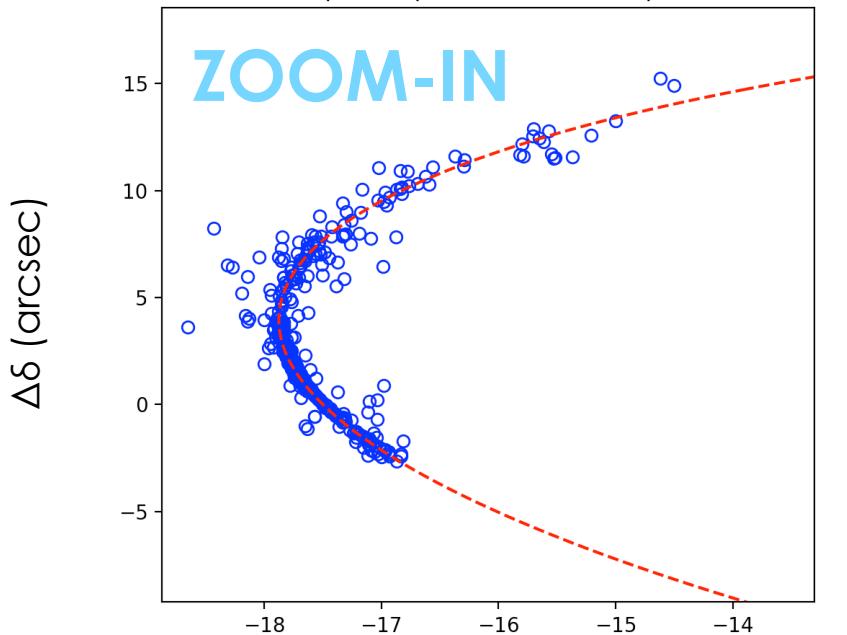
P: 1810 ± 186 a
e: 0.22 ± 0.02
a: 116 ± 3 au
i: 61.7 ± 9.8 deg



- Diff. between orb. solution and linear fit less than rms of data & **orb.sol. differs to straight line** in less than 1% of CARMENES and HIRES **error bars**
- Error in zero point correction ~ 0.15 km/s (Nidever,+02)

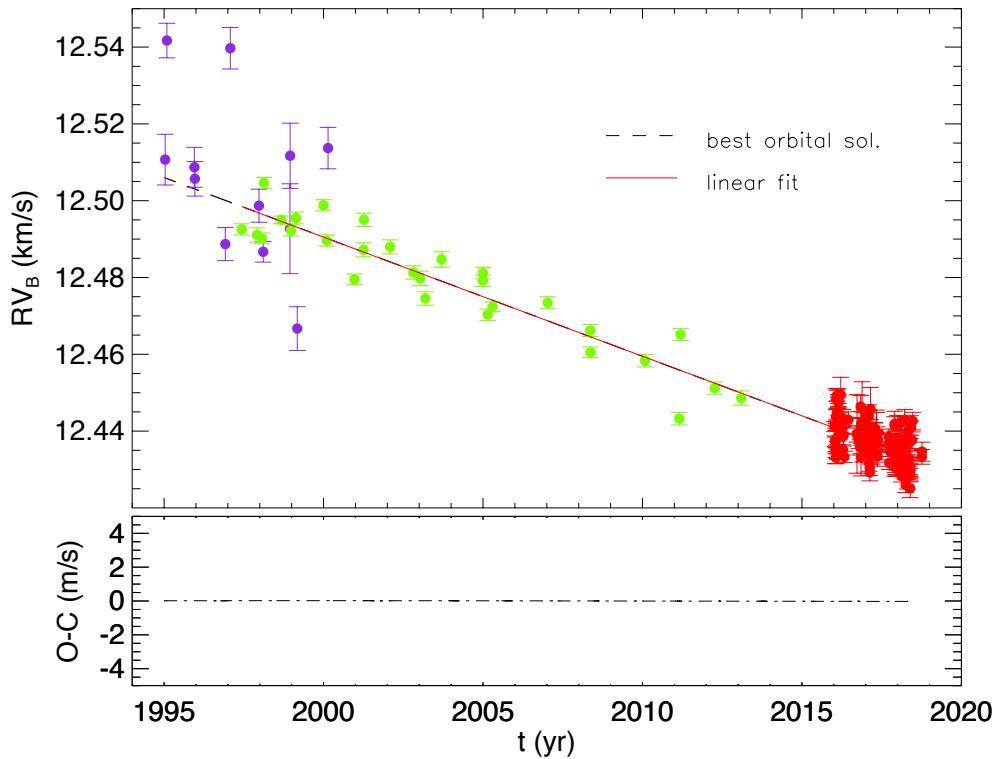
Linear fit removed in the analysis.

Stellar binary: Orbital solution



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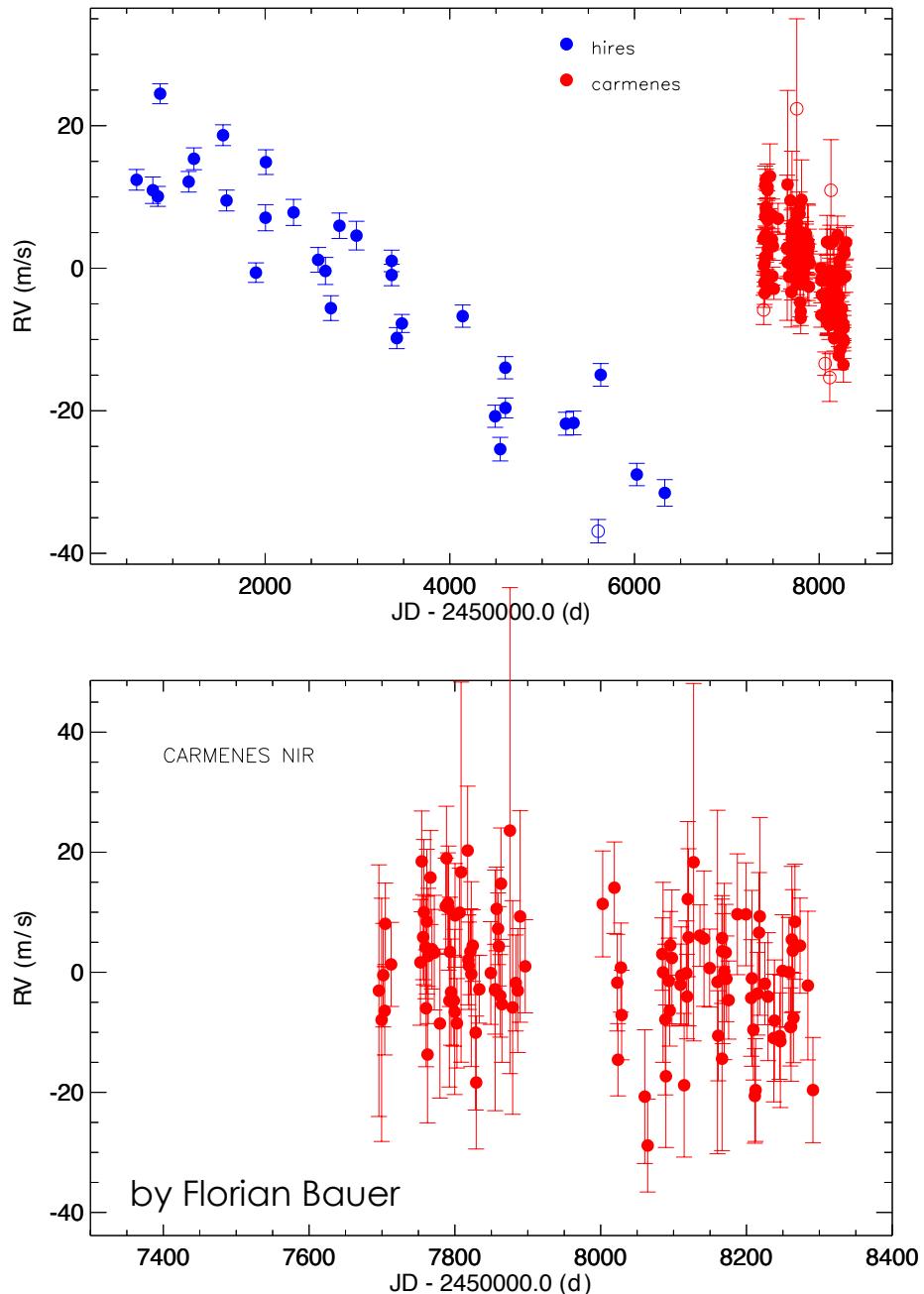


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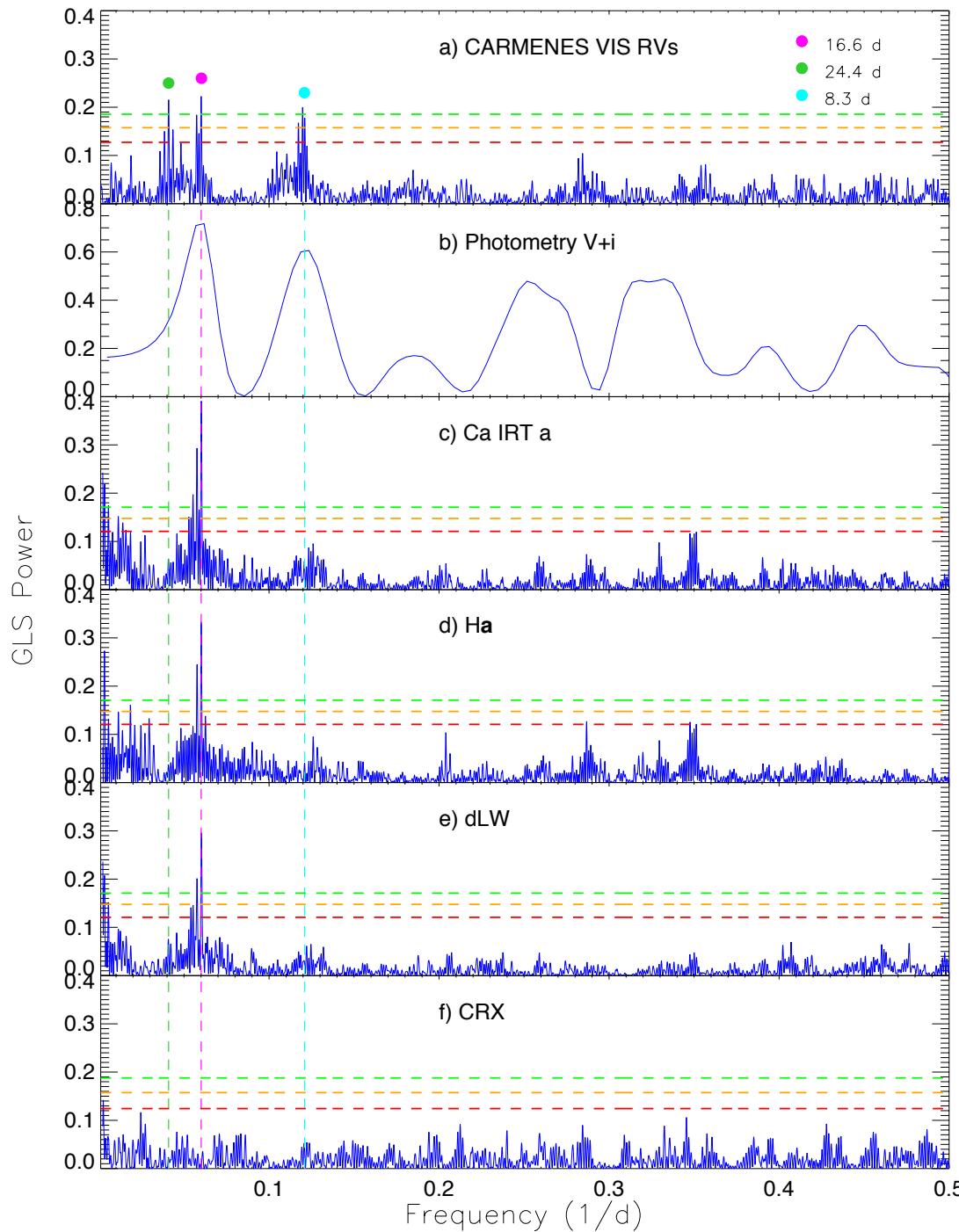
Linear fit removed in the analysis.

RV data

- **159** RVs from **CARMENES**:
 $\Delta t = 2.06$ a
- **32** RVs from **HIPRES** (Tal-Or et al. 2018):
 $\Delta t = 20.65$ a
- **3-4 HIPRES RVs per year**
- After detrended and 2σ -clipping rejection:
 $\text{stddev}_{\text{CARM}} = 4.19$ m/s
 $\text{mean } e_{\text{CARM}} = 2.31$ m/s
 $\text{stddev}_{\text{HIPRES}} = 5.23$ m/s
 $\text{stddev}_{\text{CARM-NIR}} = 9.23$ m/s
 $\text{mean } e_{\text{CARM-NIR}} = 10.0$ m/s



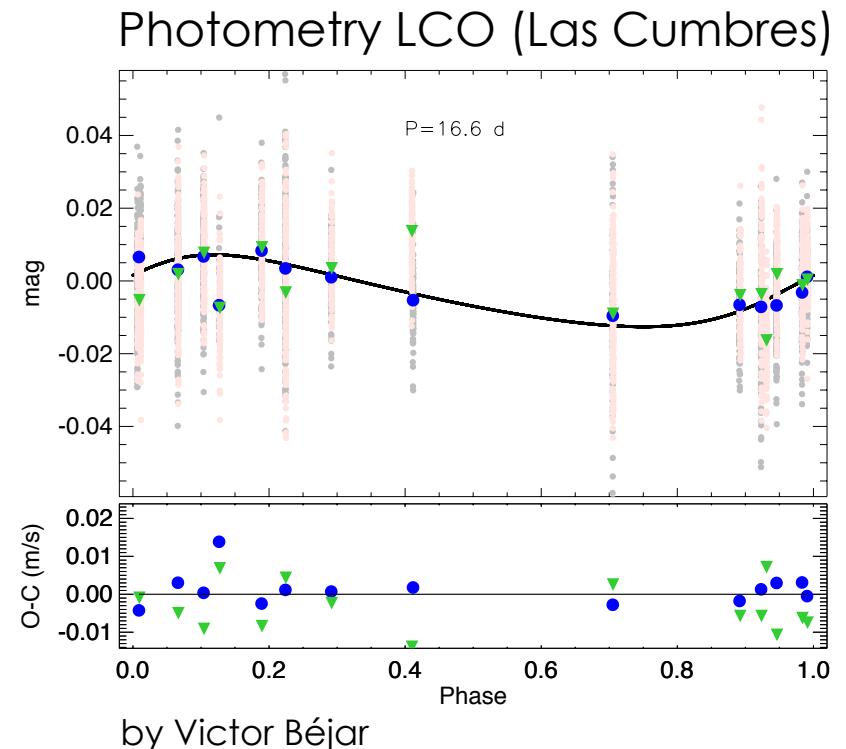
Activity



- RV: peaks at 8.3, 16.6 and 24.4 d
- Activity indicators:



$$P_{\text{rot}} = 16.61 \pm 0.04 \text{ d}$$



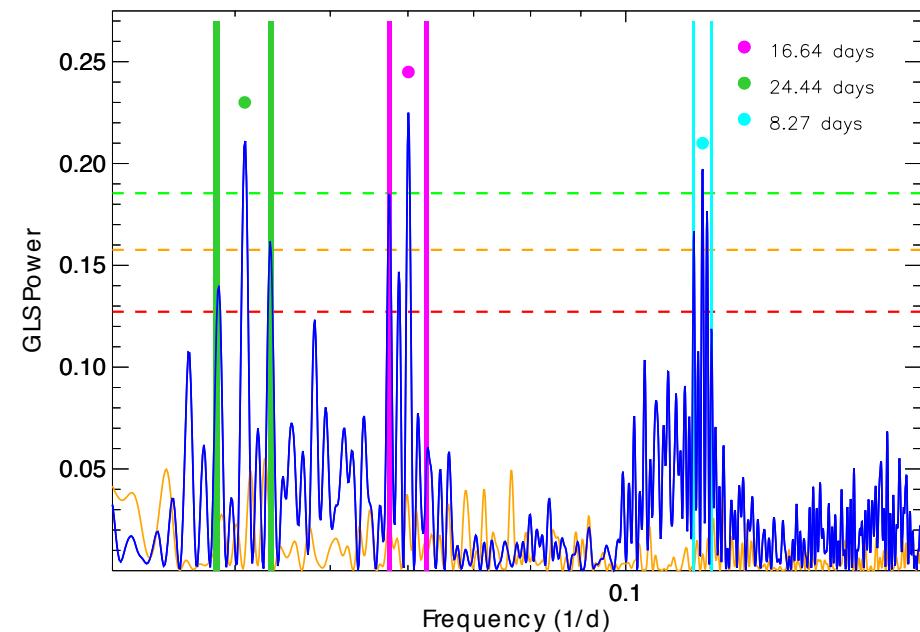
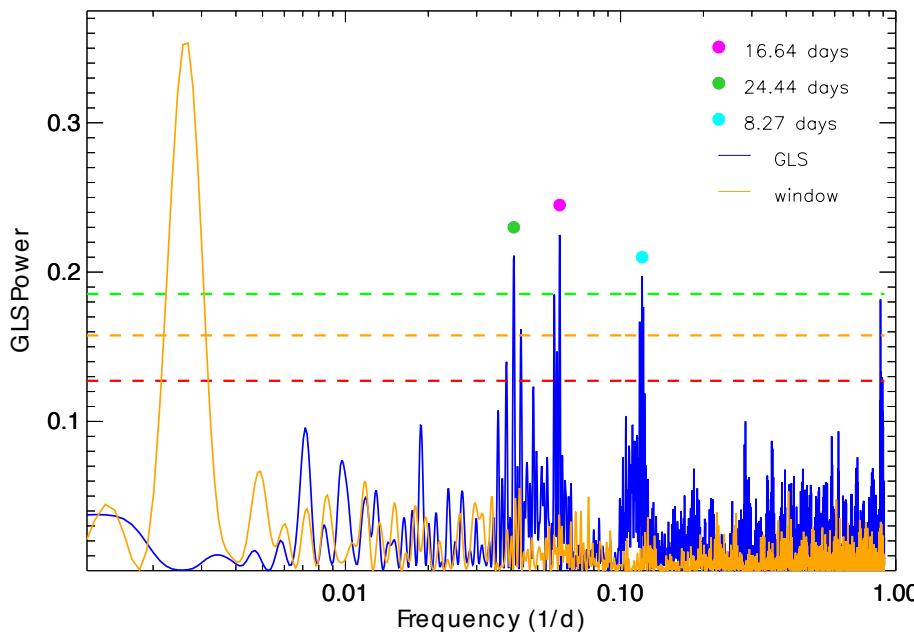
Alias phenomena

False generated frequencies

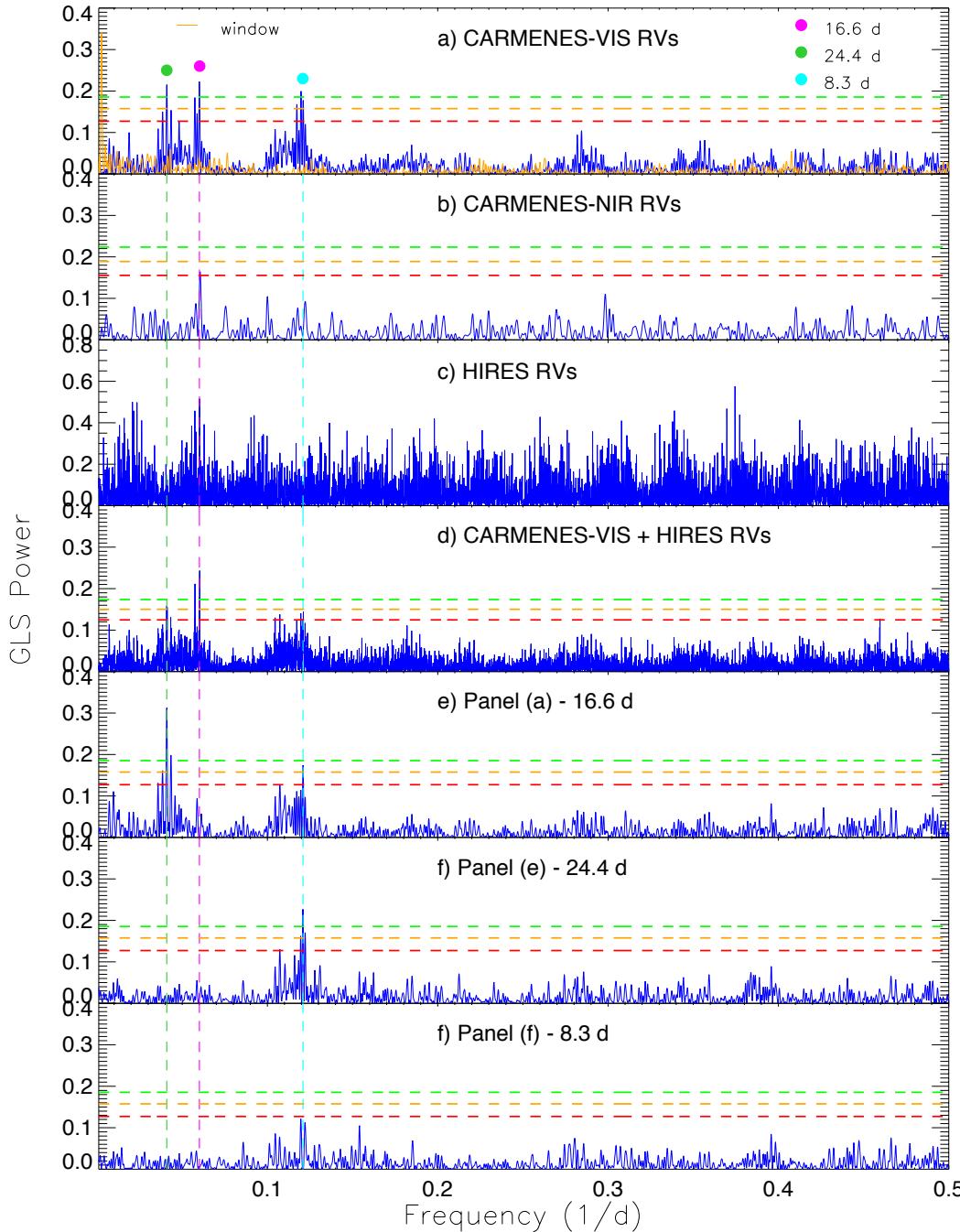
Observations are a discrete sample → gap produces alias (Dawson & Fabrycky 2010)

One peak in spectral window → 1 yr

24.4, 16.6 and 8.3 days are not related or are aliases of obs. window



GLS periodograms of radial velocities



- CARMENES-VIS → 24.4, 16.6 and 8.3 d
- CARMENES-NIR → 16.6 d
- HIRES → nothing (not adequate cadence)
- CARMENES-VIS+HIRES → as support: idem results

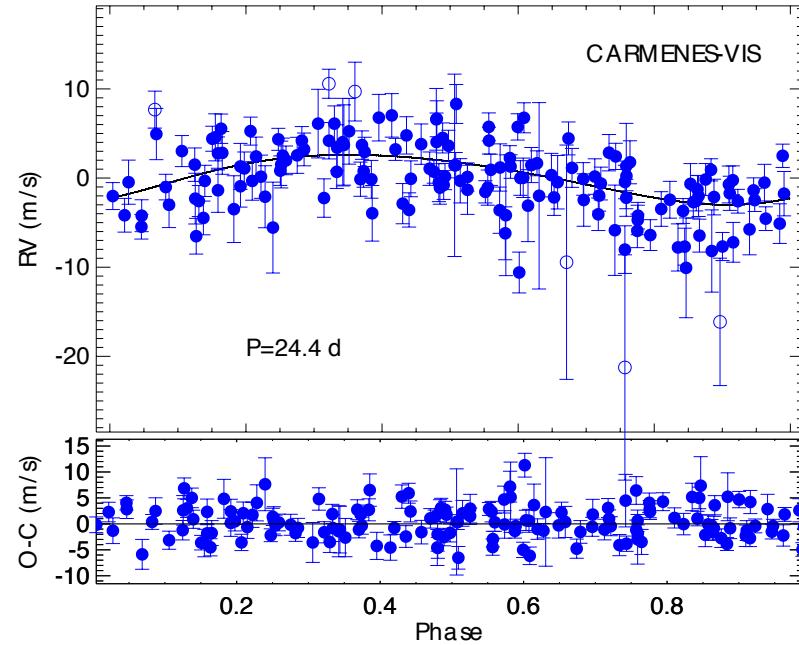
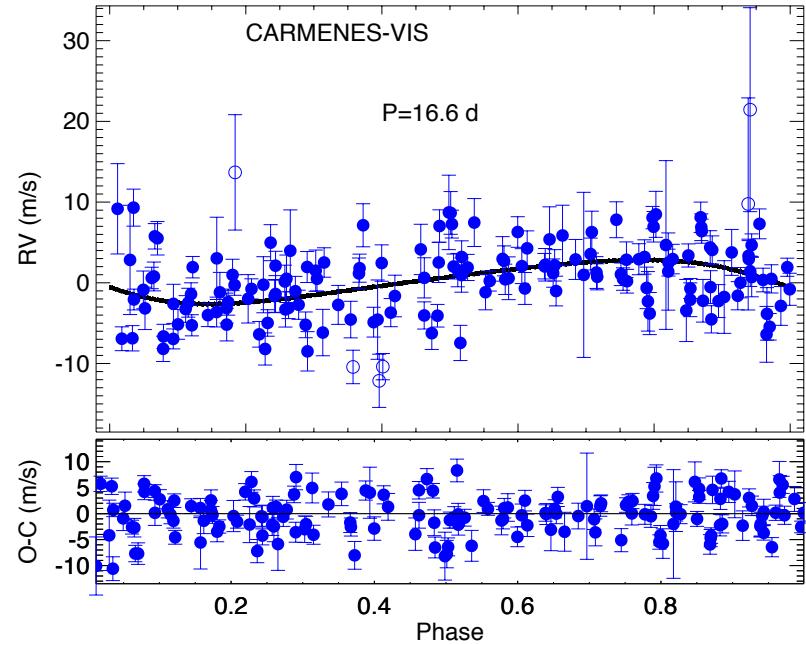
24.4 d → PLANET

Planet ?
8.3 d → ??

3:1 resonance

Activity ?
(1° harmonic)

CARMENES-VIS phase folded



- The residual rms is 3.86 m/s

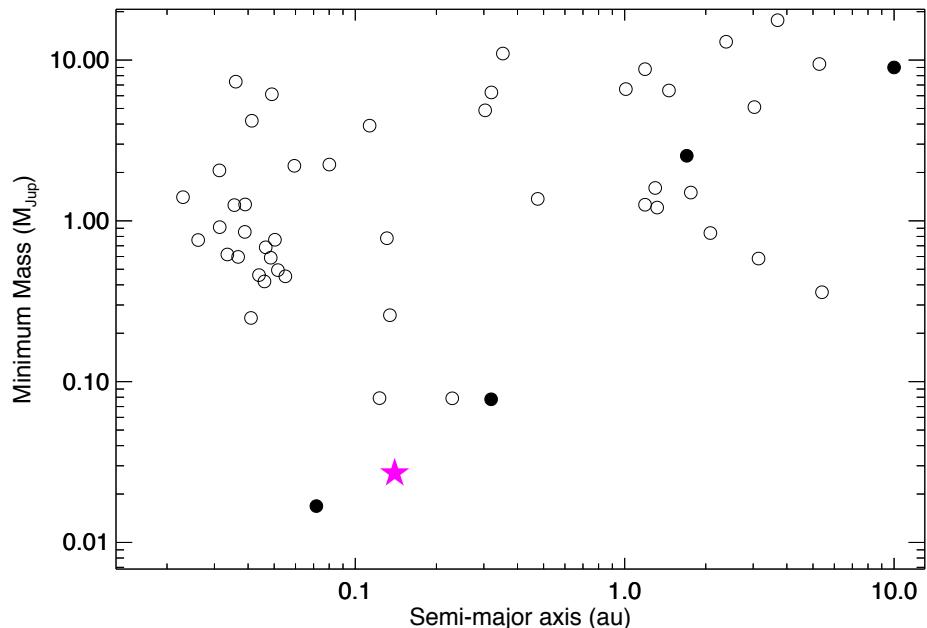
ACTIVITY

- Semi-amplitude of 2.8 m/s.
- The residual rms is 3.3 m/s

PLANET

Conclusions

- Prot at 16.61 ± 0.04 d by photometry, NIR and spectroscopic activity indicators
- Keplerian signal at 24.4 d, inner edge of HZ (0.15-0.29 au), with a minimum mass of $8.68 M_{\text{earth}}$ and $e = 0.13$
- Result supported by adding HIRES radial velocities
- The signal around 8.3 d \rightarrow Not enough arguments in favor of two planets



Exoplanets in a binary system in S-type configuration:

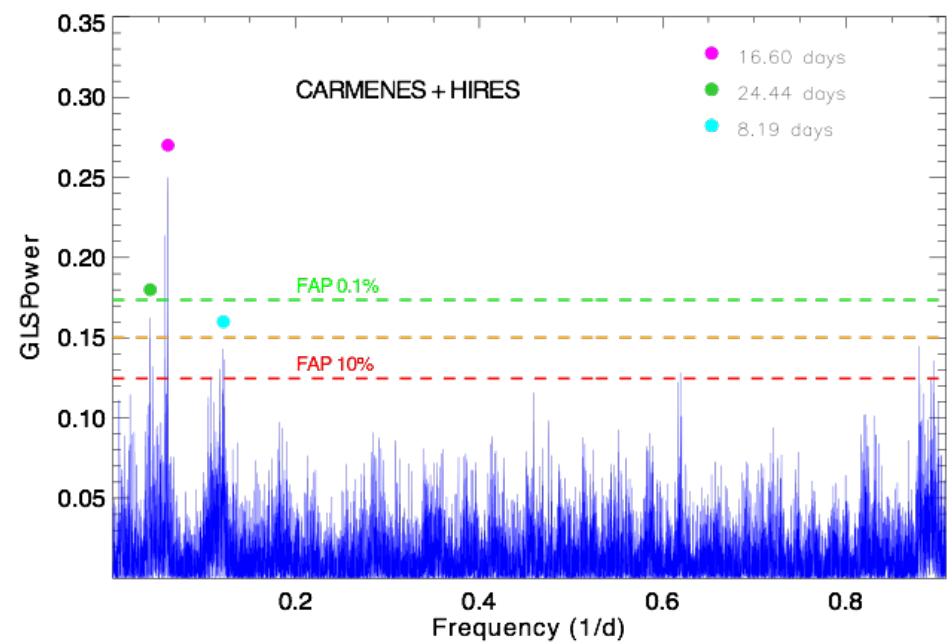
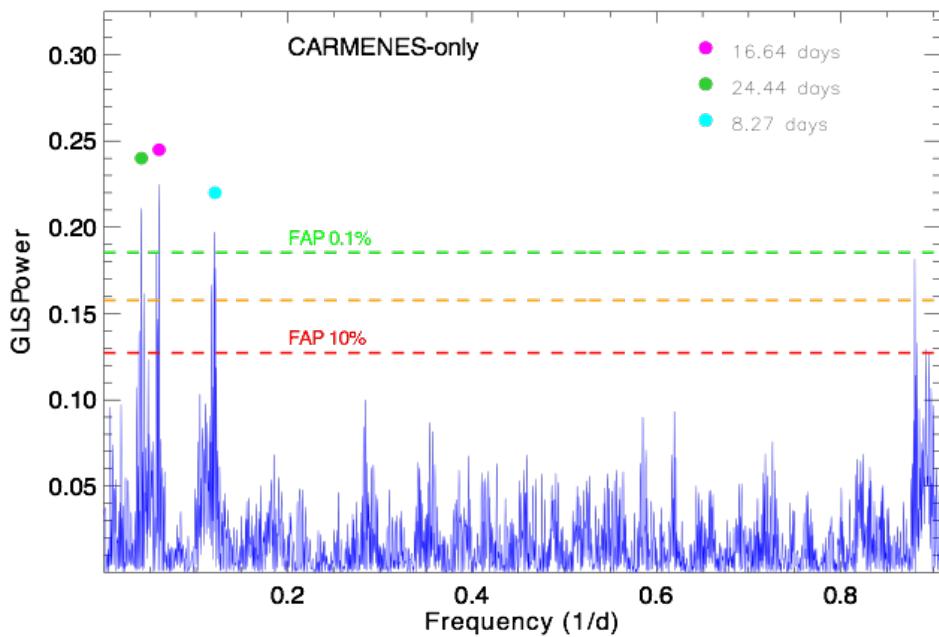
One of the closest and least massive discovered to date.



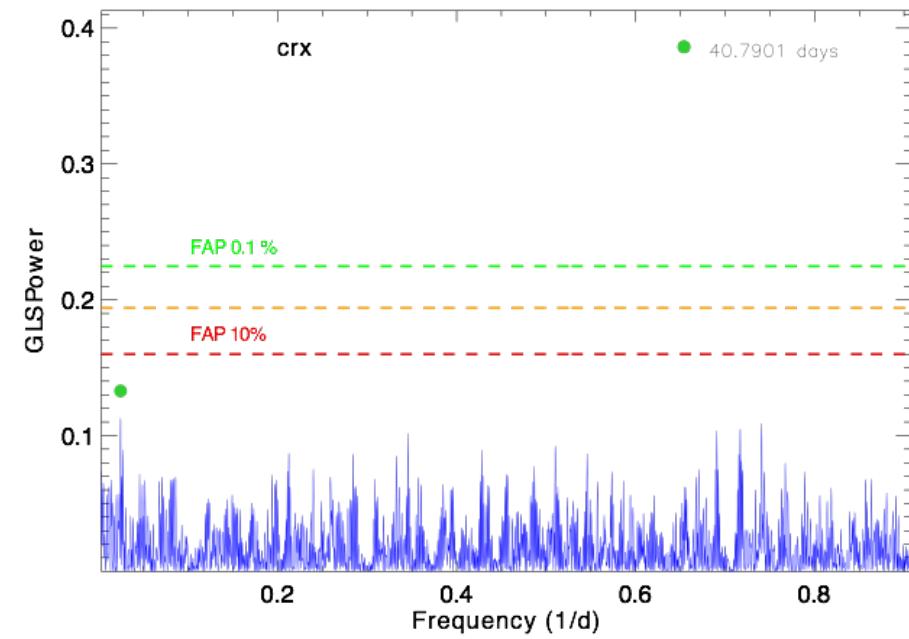
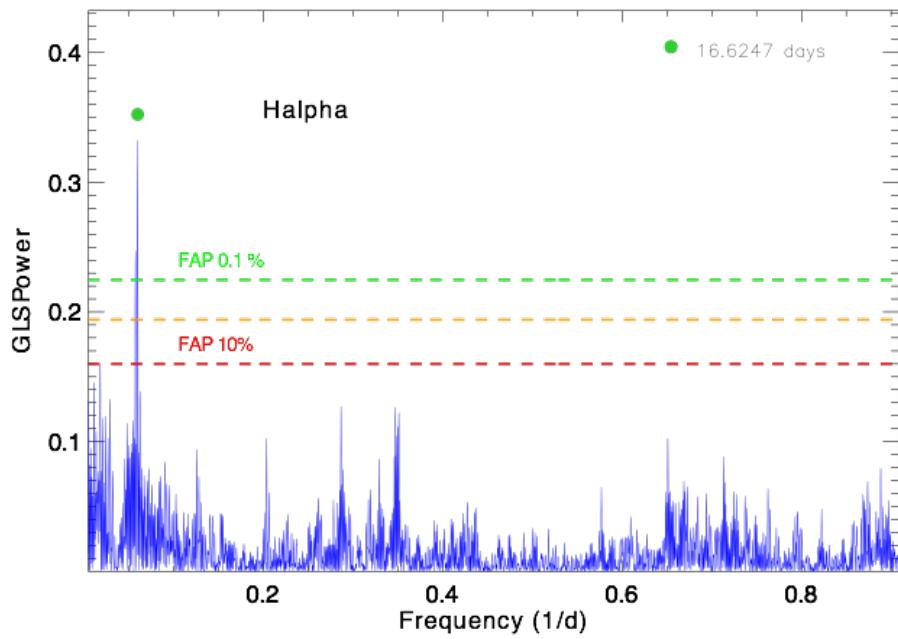
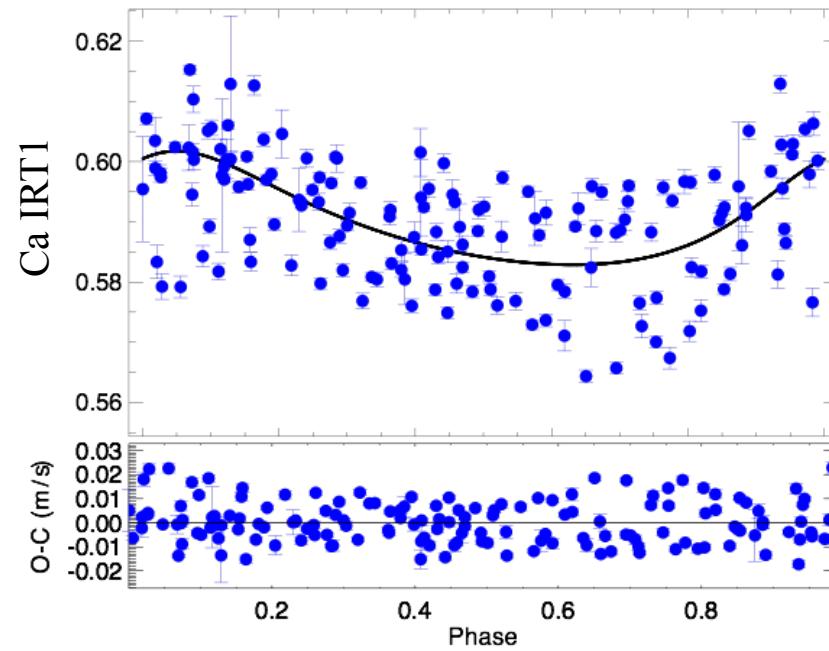
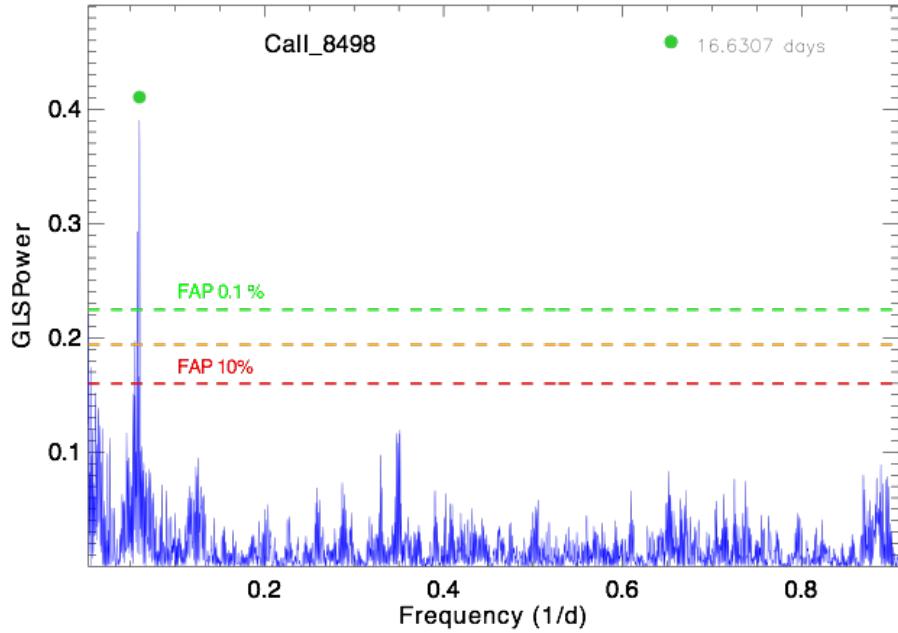
Thank you !!!!

GLS periodogram

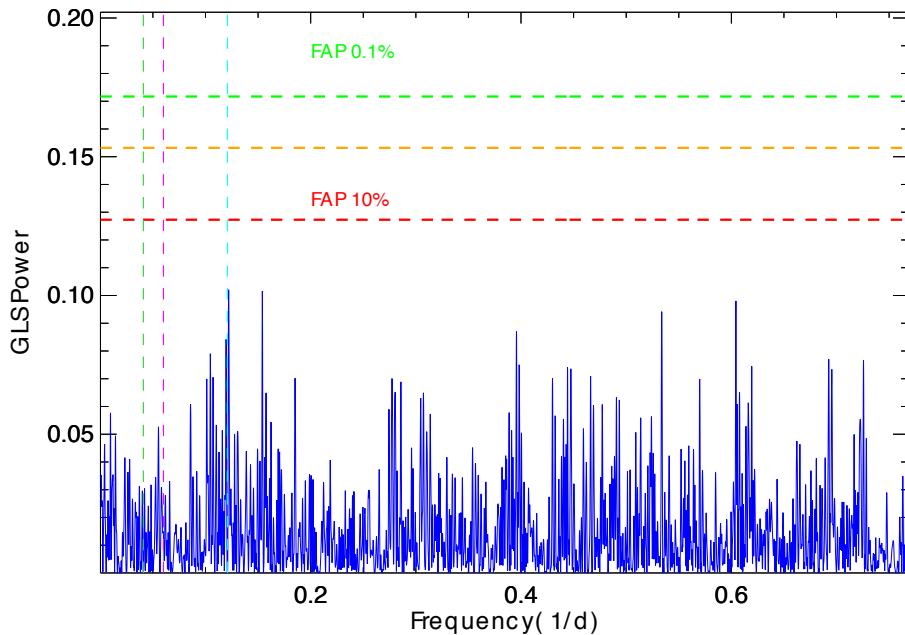
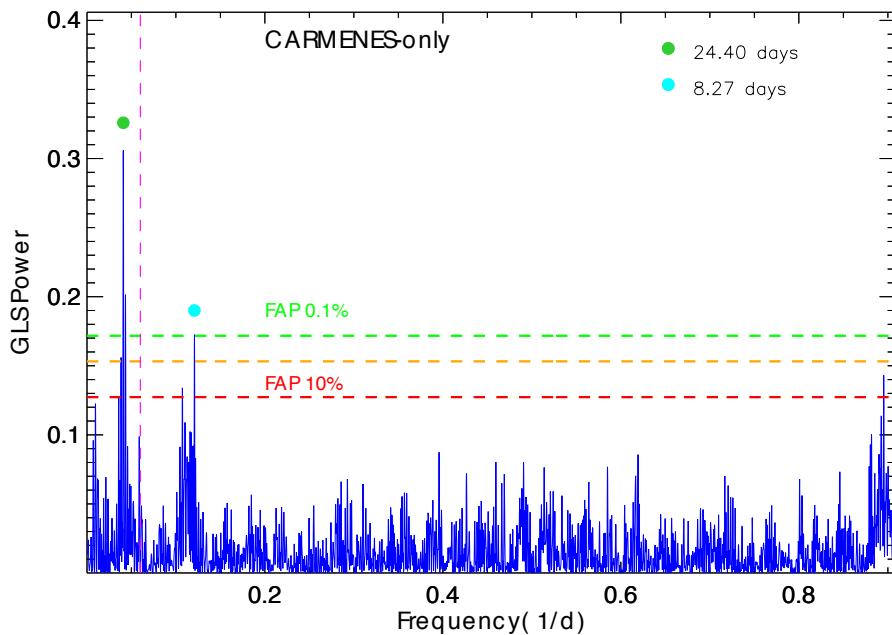
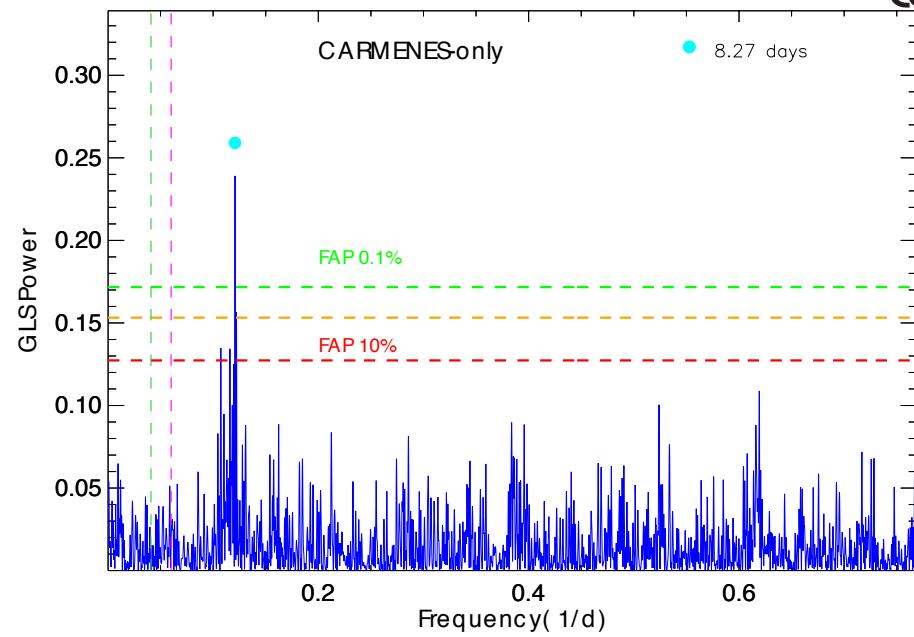
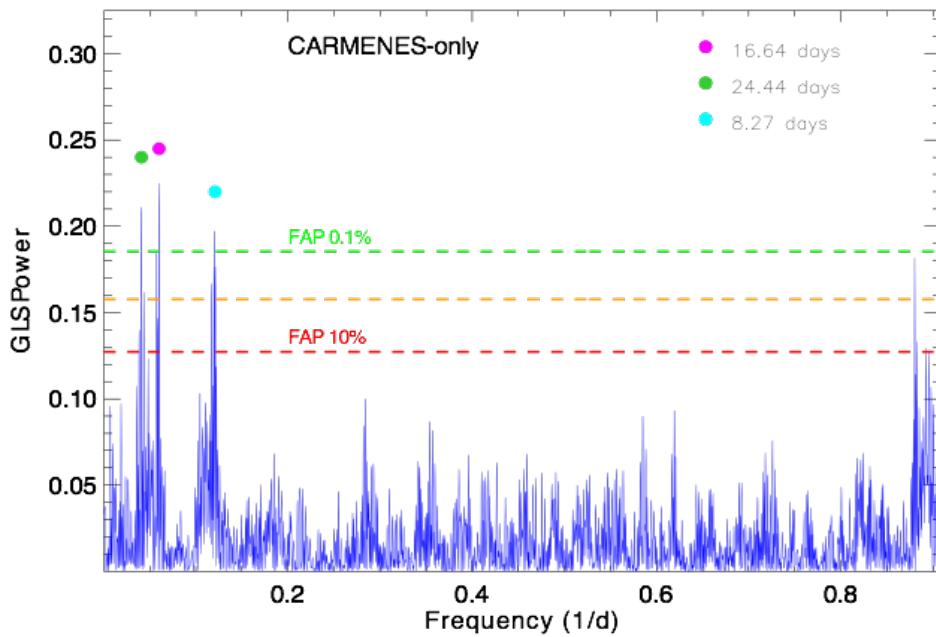
- Peaks: 8.27, 16.64 and 24.44
- Higher than FAP=0.1% (green)
- Addition of HIRES → less power at 8.27 and 24.44 days
(cadence not adequate for short periods)



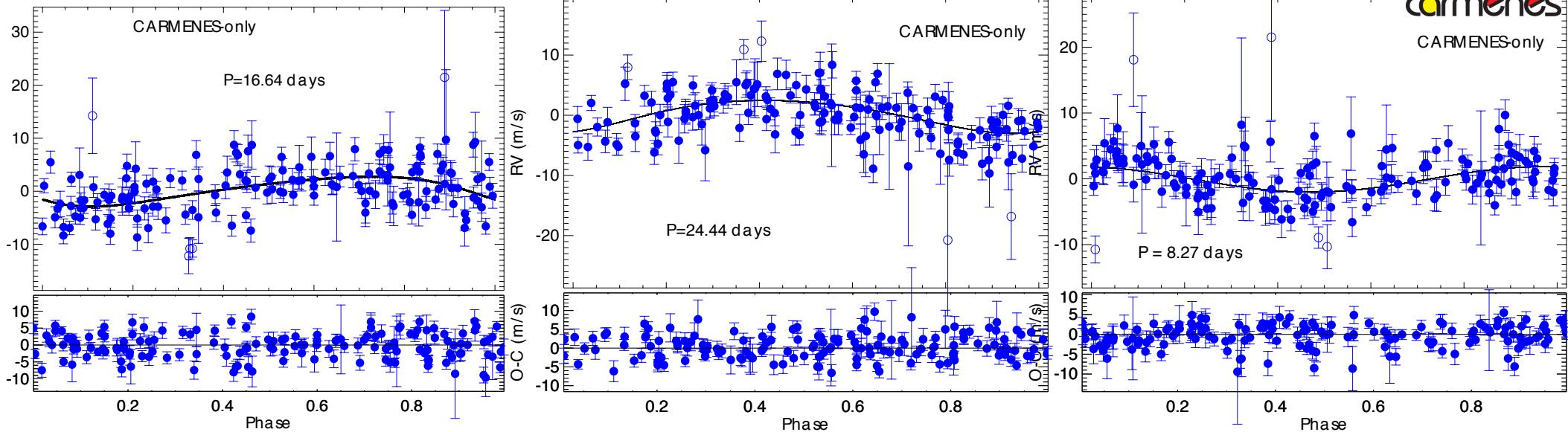
Activity indicators $\rightarrow P_{\text{rot}} = 16.6 \text{d}$



RV analysis



RV phase folded



Planet *b*

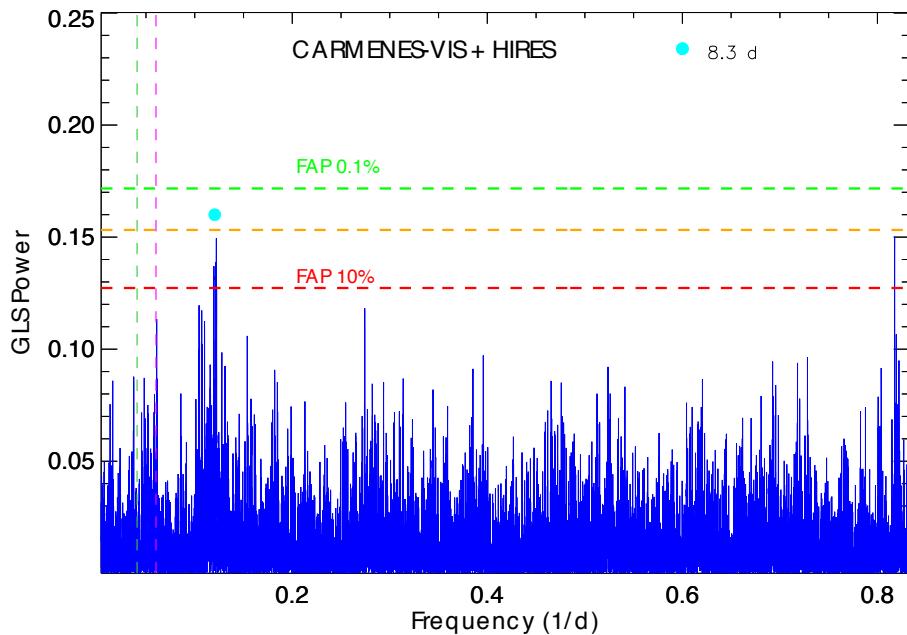
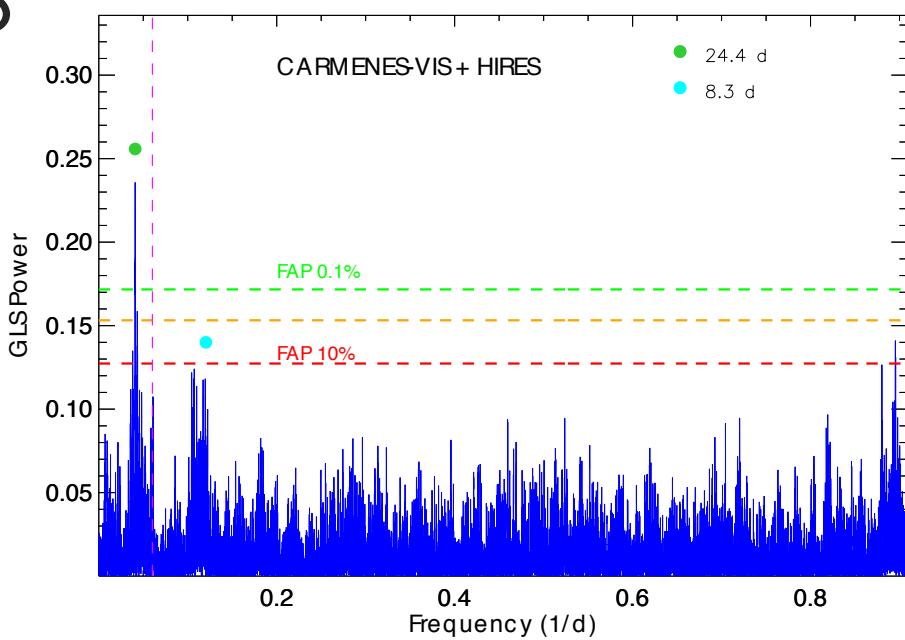
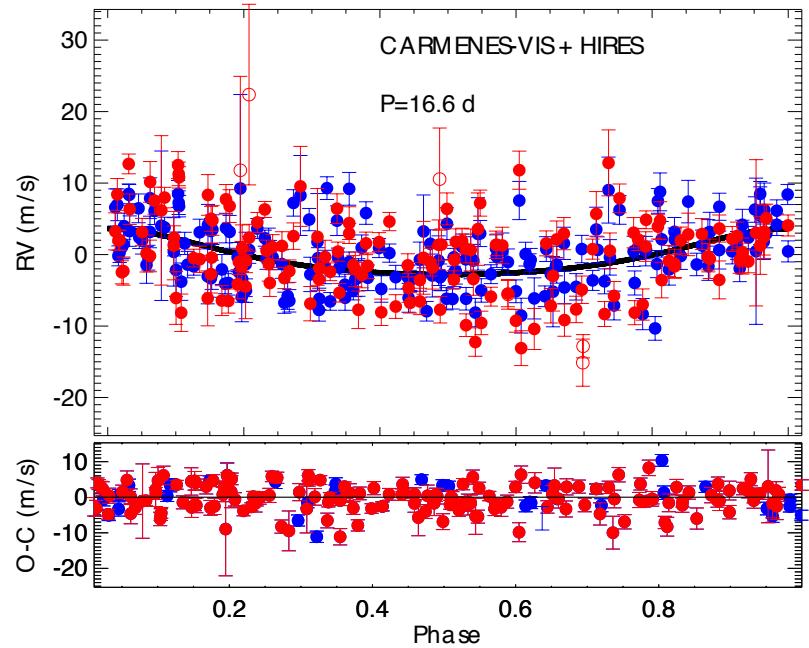
| Parameter | Units | Value |
|------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| P | Period (days)..... | 24.44 ± 0.05 |
| T_P | Periastron time (JD-2,400,000) | 57835.6 ± 4.04 |
| e | Eccentricity | 0.13 ± 0.15 |
| ω_* | Argument of periastron (deg) . | 205.34 ± 59.22 |
| K | RV semi-amplitude (m/s)..... | 2.75 ± 0.41 |
| γ | Systemic velocity (m/s) | 0.04 ± 0.26 |
| $M_P \sin i..$ | Minimum mass (M_J)*..... | 0.027 ± 0.004 |
| $M_P \sin i..$ | Minimum mass (M_\oplus)* | 8.68 ± 1.15 |
| a | Semi-major axis (AU)..... | 0.138 ± 0.004 |

Planet *c* **tentative!!**

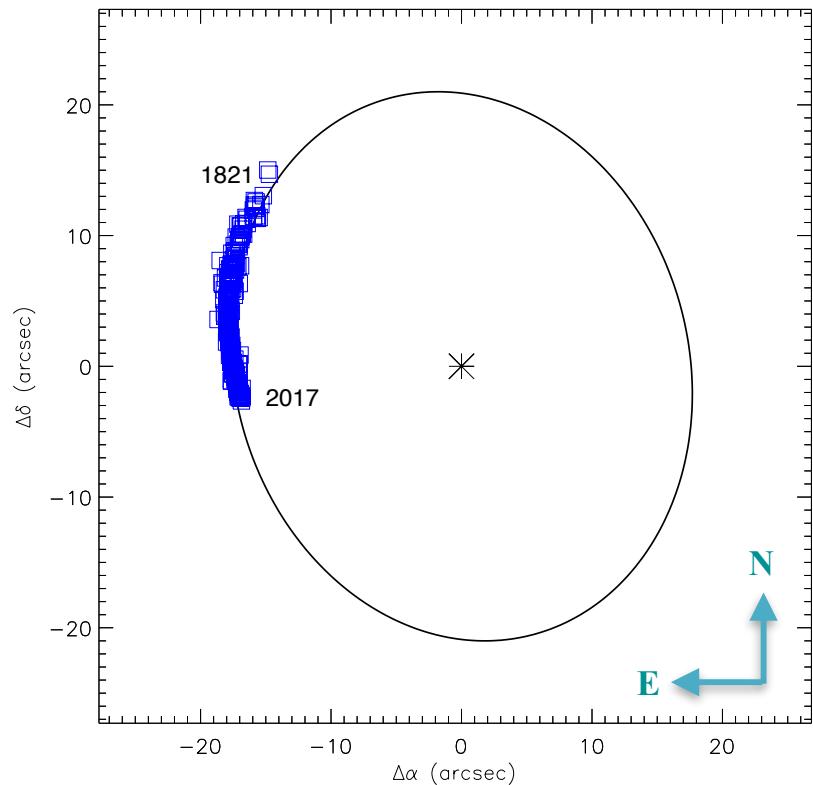
| Parameter | Units | Value |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| P | Period (days)..... | 8.276 ± 0.008 |
| T_P | Periastron time (JD-2,400,000) | 57828.8 ± 6.50 |
| e | Eccentricity | 0.0 ± 0.2 |
| ω_* | Argument of periastron (deg) . | 10.29 ± 132.58 |
| K | RV semi-amplitude (m/s)..... | 1.93 ± 0.34 |
| γ | Systemic velocity (m/s) | -0.09 ± 0.23 |
| $M_P \sin i..$ | Minimum mass (M_J)*..... | 0.014 ± 0.002 |
| $M_P \sin i..$ | Minimum mass (M_\oplus) | 4.30 ± 0.60 |
| a | Semi-major axis (AU)..... | 0.067 ± 0.002 |

Same periodicities within errors found when using
CARMENES+HIRES data

CARMENES-VIS + HIRES

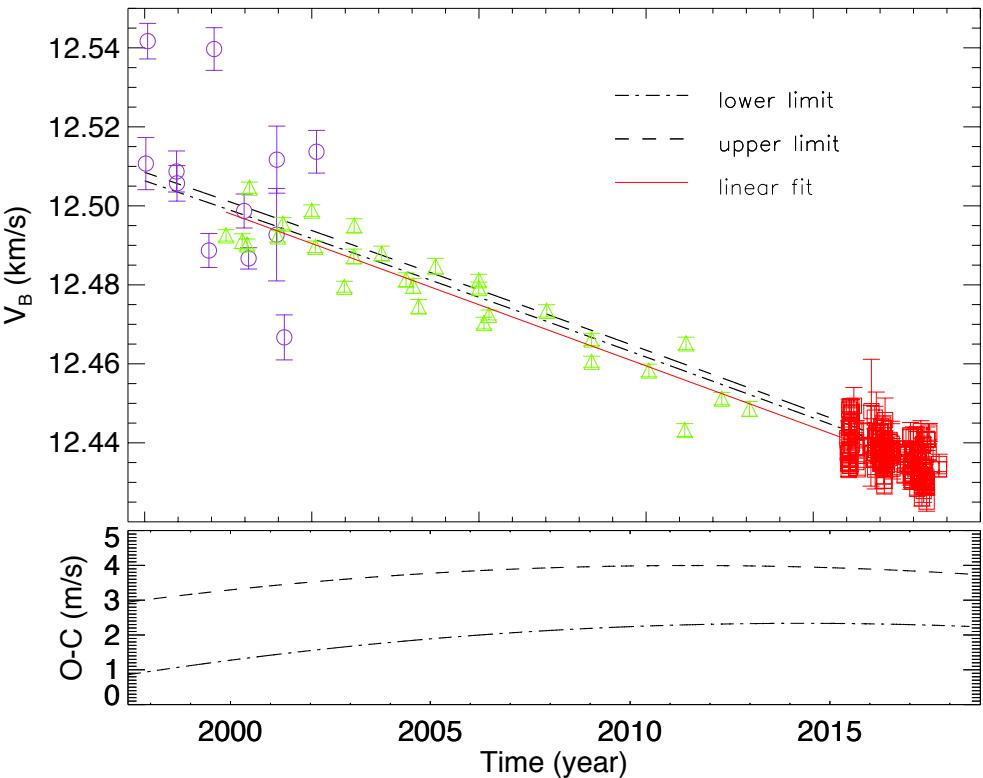


Stellar binary: Orbital solution



- Astrometric data far from covering the entire orbit
- Very few RVs data (%)

P: 1050 - 1550 a
e: 0.0 - 0.25
a: 110 - 135 au



- Degenerate solution
- Diff. between orb. solution and linear fit less than rms of data & **orb.sol. differs to straight line in 0.2 m/s**
- Error in zero point correction ~ 0.15 km/s (Nidever,+02)

Linear fit removed in the analysis.